

Area

Summation Notation

$$\sum_{i=1}^n a_i$$

n ← upper bound
↑ index
↑ Lower Bound

$$\sum_{i=1}^6 i = 1 + 2 + 3 + 4 + 5 + 6$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^n k a_i = k \sum_{i=1}^n a_i$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^n a_i \pm b_i = \sum_{i=1}^n a_i \pm \sum_{i=1}^n b_i$$

Summation Formulas

1. $\sum_{i=1}^n c = cn$, c is a constant

2. $\sum_{i=1}^n i = \frac{n(n+1)}{2}$

3. $\sum_{i=1}^n i^2 = \frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6}$

4. $\sum_{i=1}^n i^3 = \frac{n^2(n+1)^2}{4}$

$$\sum_{i=1}^n \frac{i+1}{n^2} \text{ for } n = 10, 100, \text{ and } 1000$$

$$\frac{1}{n^2} \sum_{i=1}^n i+1$$

$$\frac{1}{n^2} \left[\sum_{i=1}^n i + \sum_{i=1}^n 1 \right]$$

$$\frac{1}{n^2} \left[\frac{n(n+1)}{2} + n \right]$$

$$\frac{1}{n^2} \left[\frac{n(n+1)}{2} + \frac{2n}{2} \right]$$

$$\frac{1}{n^2} \left[\frac{n^2 + 3n}{2} \right]$$

$$\frac{n+3}{2n}$$

$n=10$

0.65

$n=100$

0.515

$n=1000$

$.5015$

$n=10,000$

$.50015$